CHAPTER 3

OPERATOR AND ORGANIZATIONAL SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. SERVICE UPON RECEIPT OF MATERIEL

3-1. General

Refer to table 2-l.

Table S-1. Service Upon Receipt of Materiel

Step	Action	Reference
1	Remove shotgun and items from container.	
2	Remove VCI, clean and lubricate.	Paragraph 3-4
3	Inspect for:	Figure B-2
	Missing parts	
	Proper assembly	
4	Function, using once-fired empty round.	Figures 2-2 and 2-3.

Caution: Do not use live ammunition when hand functioning weapon.

Section II. REPAIR PARTS, SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

3-2. Special Tools and Equipment

- a. Operator. Refer to appendix B, section II.
- b. Organizational. Refer to appendix B, section V.

3-3. Repair Parts

UCAI

- a. Operator. None authorized.
- b. Organizational. Refer to appendix B, section IV.

Itam

Section III. LUBRICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Genera		ron	Item
		6850-224-6657	CLEANING COMPOUND, RIFLE
a. Refer t	o table 3-2 for cleaning and		BORE: small arms bore cleaner,
lubrication ma	aterials. Use stock numbers for		solution (CR) (6 oz can).
requisitioning	purposes.	5350-221-0872	CLOTH, ABRASIVE: crocus,
	table 3-3 for usual lubrication		ferric oxide and quartz, jean-
instructions.	usic c c for usual rusticulon		cloth-backing, closed coating, 9 w,
			11 lg, 50–sh–sleeve (CA).
c. Refer to	table 3-4 for lubrication instruc-	8010-582-5382	LACQUER: black (jet) lusterless
tions for unus	ual conditions.		type I, color 37038 (16 oz aerosol
m 11 • • 1	e		can) Spec TT L 0050 type I
Table 3–2. N	Materials Required for Maintenance		nitrocellulose base.
	Functions	8010-221-0611	LINSEED OIL, RAW: (TT-L-
FSN	Item		00215) (1 gal. can).
6850-96 5-2332	CARBON REMOVING COM-		LUBRICATING OIL, GENERAL
	POUND: (P-C-111) (5 gal. pail).		PURPOSE: (PL special).

FSN	Item
9150-273-2389	4 oz can.
9150-231-6689	1 qt can.
9150-292-9689	LUBRICATING OIL, WEAPONS:
	(LAW) for below zero
	operations (1 qt can).
7920-205-1711	RAG, WIPING: cotton for general
	purpose use (50 lb bale).
8030-081-2341	SEALING COMPOUND :150/375
	in-lb locking torque 10–15
	viscosity, gun color MIL-S-22473
	Grade AA (10-CC bottle).

		operations (1 qc car).		
	05-1711 81-2341	RAG, WIPING: cotton for general purpose use (50 lb bale). SEALING COMPOUND :150/375 in-lb locking torque 10–15 viscosity, gun color MIL-S-22473 Grade AA (10–CC bottle).	Extreme cold (below 0°F.)	Lubricate with weapons lubricating oil (LAW). Keep weapon protected as much as possible. Note. Make certain all components are dry and free from condensation before applying lubrication. Also refer to TM !I-20i.
Ta	able 3–3.	Lubrication Instructions for Usual Conditions	Hot and humid	Inspect shotgun frequently for rust. Lightly oil with general purpose lubricating oil (PL special). If exposed to salt air, high humidity or
Step		Procedure gun will ONLY be disassembled for cleaning and ion into major groups and assemblies when a		moisture, more frequent cleaning and oiling will be required to pro- tect components.
	THORO dirty an	UGH INSPECTION indicates the weapon is and contaminated and that functioning of the would be impaired.		Note. Weapons which are intended for in- frequent firing, or are placed in arms rooms for safekeeping for prolonged periods, will
1	assem with r	ore and locking lug area of the barrel bly and other powder-fouled surfaces ifle bore cleaning compound (CR). Re- all foreign matter.		have a film of general purpose lubricating oil (PL special) applied to the internal and external groups immediately after inspection and cleaning. Special attention should be given to bore, chamber, and locking lug area.
2		thly dry bore and chamber, including cking lug area.	Hot and dry	Clean shotgun daily (or as required).
3	surfac pose l	oil bore, barrel extension, and external es of the weapon, using general purubricating oil (PL special).		In sandy or dusty areas, wipe wea- pon free of oil to prevent sand and dust from collecting on the outside and working components.
	and TM			Note. Protect weapon from water while fording, if possible.
4	be cle. (P-C- Warning should water good l compon	conents affected by powder fouling will aned with carbon removing compound 111). g: Avoid skin contact. The compound be washed off thoroughly with running if it comes in contact with the skin. A anolin base cream, after exposure to md, is helpful. The use of gloves and ive equipment is recommended.	Immersion in water.	During deep fording, it is possible for the weapon to become completely submerged. If this occurs, eject the round from the chamber to allow water to run from the bore. Normally, if the round is left in the chamber, it will form a vacuum and will not allow the water to
5	Wipe or	blow dry and oil with general purpose ating oil.		drain freely. If the above condition occurs, the
6		ter, clean and oil as required.		weapon should be wiped dry as
7	Wipe w rag. I Apply into v	ooden components with slightly oiled Remove surplus oil with a dry cloth. a light coat of linseed oil and rub wood with heel of hand.		soon as possible. If inspection reveals rust or corrosion is evident, the weapon should be turned in to organizational maintenance for complete cleaning and lubrication
		h patch and cleaning rod. remove oil from bore mber of barrel assembly before firing.		of all components.

Section IV. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE CHECKS AND SERVICES

3-5. General

a. Refer to table 3-5.

b. All deficiencies, shortcomings, and corrective action taken will be recorded on DA Form 2407 at the earliest opportunity.

Table 3-4. Lubrication Instructions for Unusual **Conditions**

> Procedure Note. Reduce lubrication intervals to less then daily, if inspection indicates rust or corro-

9

Tune of Climate

Table 3-5. Preventive Maintenance Checks and Services

		I	nterv:	al	I		B-before operation A-after operation M-monthly	
.	Ope	rator		1	Org.		D-during operation W-weekly	
Item No.	Daily B D A W		М	Item to be inspected	Procedure	Reference		
			-	1			Warning: Before starting inspection, make certain that weapon is cleared. Inspect the chamber and magazine tube to insure that both are empty. Determine that no ammunition is in position to be introduced.	
1 2	x	-	X X	Х	X X	Shotgun	Note. Weekly and monthly inspections apply only if weapon is used drily. Clean and lubricate	Tables 3-3, 34 Figure 2-l
3	X	-	X		X		Check for missing parts, proper assembly of weapon and if major groups and assemblies are properly secured.	Table 3-l and fig B-2
4	X		X	X	X	Gun Shoulder Stock Group	Determine that sling is secured to gun shoulder stock group and bayonet band assembly.	Figure 6-2
							Stock cannot be cracked or loose. Structural strength must not be impaired.	Figure 5-l
5	X	~	X	X	х	Magazine Cap	Check for burs, stripped threads, and if properly secured to magazine tube.	Figure 3-l
6	Х	~	X	Х	Х	Barrel and Bayonet Band As; sembly.	Bayonet band assembly must be secured to barrel assembly. Check for unusual pits or damage to bore of barrel assembly. Assure that bore is dry and free of obstructions before firing.	Figure 3-2
7	X		X	X	X	Trigger Guard Pin	Check for burs and if bent or loose	Figure 5-3
8	X		X	X	Х	Trigger Guard Group	Check hammer, safety and trigger for proper operation. Actuate disconnector assembly for proper functioning. Check left hand and right hand slide arm support for being bent or other damage. Check carrier assembly for freedom of movement.	Figures 5–7, 5-8 and 5-9
9	X		X	X	X	Slide Arm Bridge Retaining Screw.	Check for stripped threads and damaged screw slot. Determine that slide arm bridge is secured to bolt slide.	Figure 5-4
10	X		X	X	х	Fore End Group _	Check for proper functioning and cracks in fore end. Structural strength must not be impaired. Check slide arm extensions for excessive wear, burs or being bent. Slide arm extension cap must be secure to the slide arm extension. Check assembly slots on cap for burrs.	Figure 5-10
11	Х		X	X	х	Breech Bolt Group .	Cam pin must be free of burrs. Breech bolt must have free movement in camways of receiver. Check protrusion of firing pin. Check extractor claw for damage. Check component for visible rust or corrosion.	Figures 5-11, 5-1
12	x		X	X	X	Ejector	Check for burrs or being bent. Test weapon with dummy round or once-fired empty round to insure proper ejection of cartridge. Check ejector support pin for being secure in receiver and if damaged.	Figures 5-5, 5-6

<u>*</u>	13	Ķ		\mathbf{x}	x	X	Receiver and Magazine Group	Magazine tube should be secured to the receiver. Check tube for dents, Figure 5-13
ర								burrs or damage which will restrict the cartridge. Check helical
200	ŀ							compression spring (magazine) for kinks, and magazine follower
27,	ľ							for being broken or burred. Check for rust and corrosion in
•	ľ							components.
			ľ					•

Section V. TROUBLESHOOTING

3-6. General

Refer to table 3-6.

Table 3-6. Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
Failure to fire	Failure to load	Note. For corrective action of malfunctions not listed in this table, refer to direct support personnel. Pump shell into chamber.
	Empty magazine	Load magazine (step 2, fig. 2-2).
	Faulty ammunition	Pump out defective shell and use other ammunition.
	Foreign matter in firing pin aperture of cam pin, bolt or bolt slide.	Clean applicable items (4, 8, or 9, fig. B-4 and table 3-3).
	Operator fails to disengage safety. Foreign matter in safety aperture in trigger.	Disengage safety (step 1, fig. 2-3). Clean trigger (16, fig. B-3 and table 3-3).
	Failure to move bolt slide fully forward.	Push fore end forward (step 3, fig. 2-2).
Failure to load or feed	Obstruction in the chamber Defective carrier assembly Foreign matter in RH or LH slide arm supports or magazine tube.	Clean receiver (table 3-3). Notify direct support maintenance. Clean applicable items (2, 3, fig. B-3 and 28, fig. B-2).
Failure to function correctly	Foreign matter in bolt, bolt slide or safety well of trigger guard.	Clean applicable items or area (8, 9, fig. B-4 and 18, fig. B-3).

Section VI. MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

- 3-7. Removal/Installation of Major Components
- a. Operator. Field stripping of weapon into major groups and assemblies is not authorized.
 - b. Organizational. Refer to table 3-7.
- 3-8. Disassembly/Assembly of Major Components
 - a. Operator. None authorized.
 - b. Organizational. Refer to table 3-7.

Note. White arrows shown on illustrations indicate disassembly, black arrows indicate assembly.

- 3-9. Cleaning, inspection and Repair
 - a. Cleaning instructions. Refer to table 3-3.
 - b. Inspection. Refer to tables 3-5 and 3-7.
 - c. Repair.
- (1) Replace- bayonet band screws or bayonet band assembly if damaged or unserviceable.
- (2) No other repair parts are authorized for organizational maintenance. If necessary, evacuate shotgun to direct support maintenance personnel.

Table 3→7. Operator and Organizational Maintenance **Guide** for Winchester Shotgun, Model 1200

Group of assembly	Removal/in- stallation	Disassembly assembly	Cleaning, inspection and repair	Figure No.
		_	CLEANING	
Shotgun			Refer to paragraph 3-4. INSPECTION	
Shotgun			Visually inspect the components for wear, cracks, dents and damage. Make certain all parts are properly installed and in working condition.	B-2 thru B-4
			REPAIR	
Shotgun			Remove all traces of rust or scarred areas from finished surfaces with cloth, moistened with light oil.	
Gun shoulder stock group			Tables 3-3 thru 3-6. Vote. Stock group will not be removed from receiver and magazine group.	
Barrel and bayonet band assembly.	Figures 3-l and 3-2.	-	Paragraph 3-9c. Remove burs on barrel assembly by stoning (Organizational maintenance only).	
Trigger guard group	16, figure B-2,		Tables 3-3 thru 3-5.	
Fore end group	18, figure B-2.		Tables 3-3 thru 3-5.	
			Vote. Fore end group will not be removed from receiver and magazine group.	
Breech bolt group .	22, figure B-2.		Tables 3-3 thru 3-5.	
Receiver and magazine group.	28, figure B-2.		Tables 3-3 thru 3-6.	

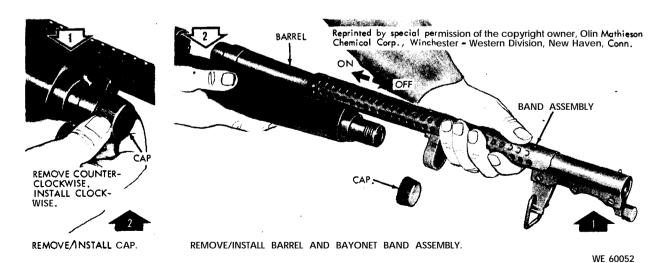
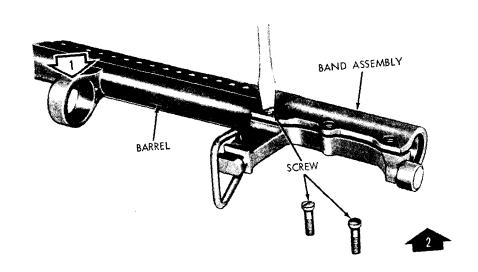


Figure 3-1. Removal/installation of barrel and bayonet band assembly.



REMOVE/INSTALL SCREWS.

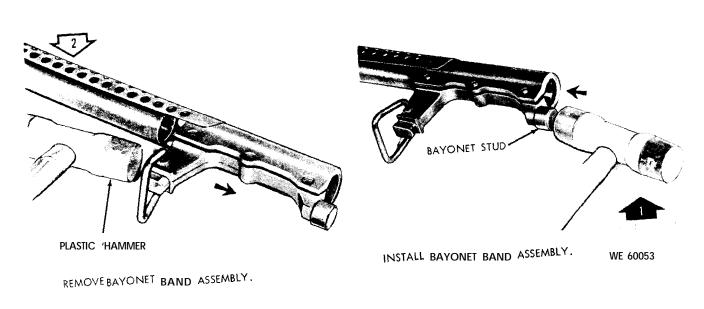


Figure Y-2. Removal/installation of bayonet band assembly.

CHAPTER 4

DIRECT AND GENERAL SUPPORT MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

Section I. REPAIR PARTS, SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

4–1. Special Tools and Equipment

Refer to appendix B.

4-3. Improvised Tools and Equipment

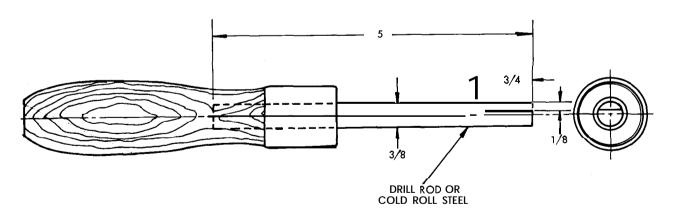
Refer to table 4-1.

4-2. Maintenance Repair Parts

Refer to appendix B.

Table 4-1. Improvised Tools

Item	Reference	Required for
TOOL, assembling cam pin	Figures 4-1 and 5-12	To assemble cam pin to breech bolt and bolt slide.
TOOL, disassembling and assembling slide arm extension cap.	Figures 4-2 and 5-10	To disassemble and assemble slide arm extension cap to front end of slide arm extension assembly.



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN INCHES.

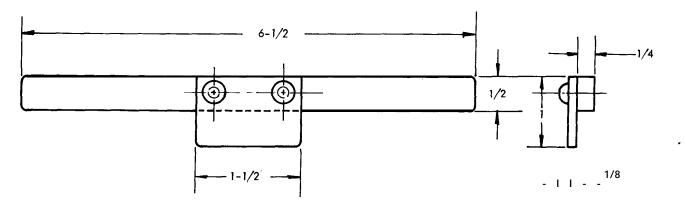
Figure 4-1. Improvised tool for assembling cam pin.

6-1/2 LONG BY 1/4 THICK COLD ROLL STEEL.

1 INCH BY 1/8 X 1-1/2 TOOL STEEL, FLAT STOCK.

3/16 BY 1/2 LONG. BODY: BLADE:

RIVETS:



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN INCHES.

WE 60215

Figure 4-2. Improvised tool for disassembling and assembling slide arm extension cap.

Section II. TROUBLESHOOTING

4-4. General

Troubleshooting malfunctions, probable causes,

and corrective actions for the 12 Gage, Shotgun, Riot Type, Winchester, Model 1200 are listed in table 4-2.

Table 4-2. Troubleshooting

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
- Transferror	Trobuste cause	Corrective action
Failure to fire	Failure to feed	Repair magazine tube (28, fig. B-2). If unserviceable, turn in weapon for replacement.
	Short or broken firing pin	Replace (2, fig. B-4).
	Foreign matter in firing pin aperture in bolt.	Clean aperture in bolt and bolt slide (8, 9, fig. B-4).
	Broken hammer	Replace (13, fig. B-3).
	Bent or damaged helical torsion spring (hammer).	Replace (12, fig. B-3).
	Burred or broken trigger spring	Remove burs or replace sear bracket assembly (9, fig. B-3).
	Note. Trigger spring is a component of sear bracket assembly.	
	Broken sear	Replace sear bracket assembly (9, fig. B-3).
	Broken trigge i	Replace (16, fig. B-3).
	Foreign matter in sear notch of hammer.	Glean sear notch on hammer (table 3-3 and 13, fig. B-3).
	Burred trigger guard or foreign mat in safety well.	Repair trigger guard or clean safety well (18, fig. B-3 and table 3-3).
	Damaged disconnector assembly or helical torsion spring (discon-	Replace, 7, 8, fig. B-3).

nector).

Table 4-2. Troubleshooting—Continued

Malfunction	Probable cause	Corrective action
Failure to extract or eject	Worn, burred or broken extractor Bent or broken helical compression spring (extractor).	Replace (7, fig. B-4). Replace (6, fig. B-4).
	Burred or bent ejector	Repair or replace (24, fig. B-2).
Failure to load or feed	Broken or bent carrier assembly	Replace (4, fig. B-3).
	Corroded magazine follower	Clean (table 3-3) or replace magazine follower (27, fig. B-2).
	Damaged magazine tube -	Turn in weapon for replacement.
	Broken or kinked helical compression spring (magazine).	Replace (26, fig. B-2).
	Foreign matter in magazine tube	Clean magazine tube (28, fig. B-2).
Double feeding Bu	irred or broken LH or RH slide	Replace (2, 3, fig. B-3).
	arm supports. Note. Cartridge stop and cut off are components of above items.	
	Foreign matter under LH and RH slide arm supports.	Clean (table 3-3) (2, 3, fig. B-3).
Failure to function correctly	Damaged disconnector assembly -	Replace (7, fig, B-3).
·	Burs or foreign matter in bolt slide and bolt.	Repair (8, 9, fig. B-4) or clean (table 3-3).
	Broken or bent disconnector or helical torsion spring (disconnector).	Replace (7, 8, fig. B-3).
	Burred or bent slide arms	Repair or replace slide arm extension (21, fig. B-2).
	Note. Slide arms are components of slide arm extension assembly.	
	Broken or burred cam pin	Repair or replace (4, fig. B-4).
	Weak or damaged firing pin	Replace (2, fig. B-4).
	Safety sticks	Repair (14, fig. B-3).
	Burred safety	Repair (14, fig. B-3).
	Damaged hammer housing	Replace (17, fig. B-3).

Section III. INSPECTION

4-5. General

Refer to **TB** 9-1000-247-35.

CHAPTER 5

REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

Section . GENERAL MAINTENANCE

5-1. General

This section provides instructions on general maintenance procedures.

5-2. General Repair Methods

a. Disassembly and Assembly Procedures.

- (1) In disassembling the shotgun, remove the major groups and assemblies whenever possible. Refer to figure B-2 and paragraph 1-3b. Groups and assemblies may be disassembled, as necessary, into individual parts.
- (2) Complete disassembly of a unit is not always necessary in order to make a required repair or replacement. Good judgment should be exercised to keep disassembly and assembly operations to a minimum.
- (3) During assembly, assemblies and groups should be assembled first, then installed to form a complete unit. Lubricate frictional (sliding) surfaces before assembly.

b. Replacement of Parts.

- (1) Parts will be replaced, when unserviceable.
- (2) If screws and washer are damaged, they will be replaced.
- (3) All springs should be replaced if they are broken, deformed, fail to function properly, or fail to meet specific requirements.

5–3. Cleaning and lubrication

- **a.** Cleaning. Refer to figures 5-14 thru 5-16.
- **b.** Lubrication. Prior to assembly of major groups and assemblies, all components will be lubricated in accordance with table 3-3.

5-4. Finished Surfaces

- a. All metal surfaces subjected to wear and abrasions and which reflect light or will be subject to rust or erosion, will be treated with black lacquer.
- b. All surfaces must be clean and dry prior to spraying. Allow two hours for lacquer to dry.

Section II. MAINTENANCE OF SHOTGUN

S-5. Specific

Refer to table 5-1.

Table 5-1. Guide to Maintenance Function of Shotgun

Item	Removal/installation	Disassembly/assembly	Cleaning, inspection and repair
		Tote, All pins should be removed from left to right installed right to left when applicable.	Refer to figures 5-14 thru 5-16 for cleaning instructions.
Gun shoulder stock group	Figure 5-l	Figure B-2	Repair (para 5-2)
Magazine cap	Figure 3 - 1	Figure B-2	Repair (para 62)
Barrel and bayonet band assembly	Figure 3–1	Figures 3-2 and 5-2	Repair (para 5-2)
Trigger guard group	Figures 5-3 and B-2	Figures 5-7, 5-8, and 5-9	Repair (para 5-2)
		loke. To assemble disconnector spring, turn spring upright so tail of spring is engaged in its proper position in trigger guard pin	Vote. If new trigger assembly is installed, it must be adjusted to fit as follows:
		hole slot. Turn disconnector to upright position and slide front of spring under ledge on disconnector. Compress front of disconnector downward until disconnector button is in line with slot in trigger guard. Hold in this position and push inward until disconnector pin engages hole in opposite	a, With the safety in safe position and rigger pulled, check the trigger through trigger stop pin hole with 0.252040005 diameter in. b. With the safety in safe position and trigger pulled, adjust trigger adjustment screw within 0.003-0.005 of sear. Break off end of
	T	side of sear bracket and hammer housing.	crew end apply sealing compound.
Fore end group	Figure 5-4 Vote. When barrel and bayonet band assem bly have been removed do not slam the fore end forward or pull the triagely allowing hammer to fall. This may jar the action, making necessary the remover of trigger guard end the recocking of the hammer by hand.	Figure 5-10	Repair (para 5-2)
Breech bolt group	Figure 5-4	Figure 5–11, 5–12	Repair (para 5-2)
Receiver and magazine group		Figures 5-5, 5-6 and 5-13	

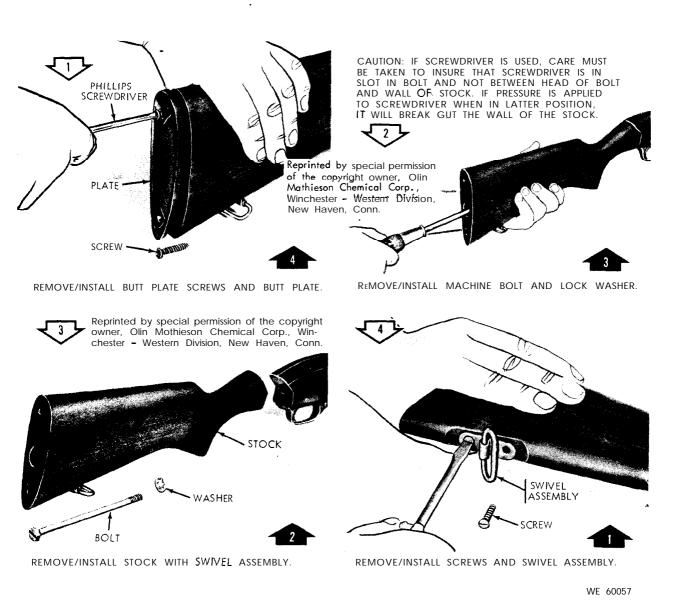


Figure 5-1. Removal/installation of gun shoulder stock.

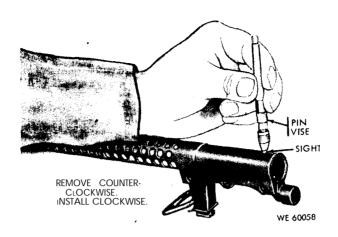
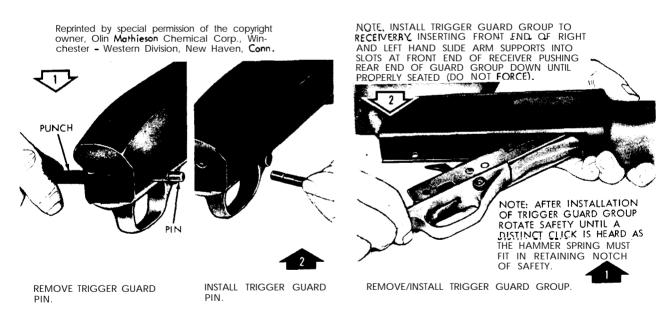
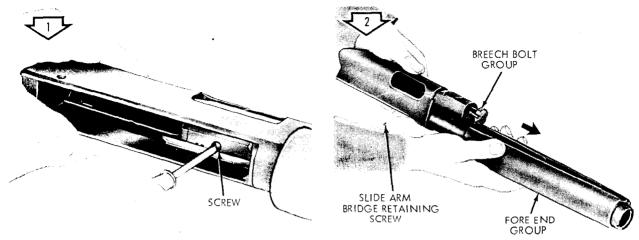


Figure 5-2. Removal/installation of front sight.



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Figure 5-3. Removal/installation of trigger guard group.



REMOVE SLID' ARM BRIDGE RETAINING SCREW.

REMOVE FORE END AND BREECH BOLT GROUPS.

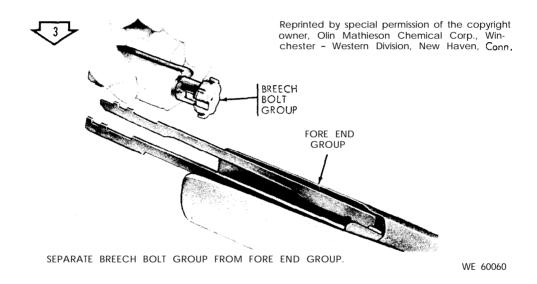


Figure 5-4. Removal/installation of fore end and breech bolt groups.

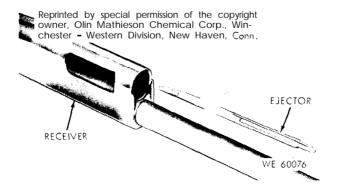
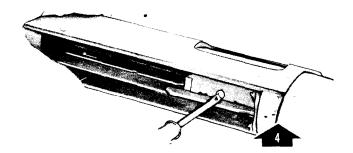
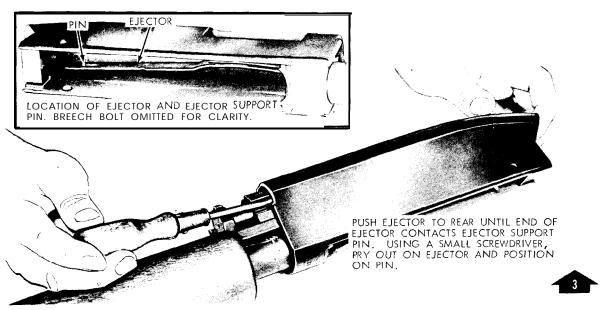


Figure 5-5. Remove ejector.

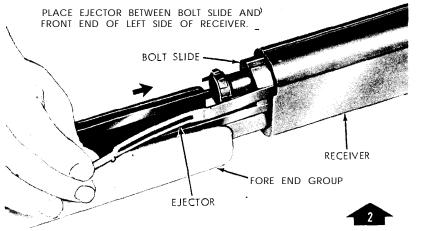
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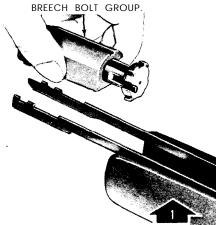
INSTALL SLIDE ARM RETAINING SCREW.



SEAT EJECTOR ON EJECTOR SUPPORT PIN.

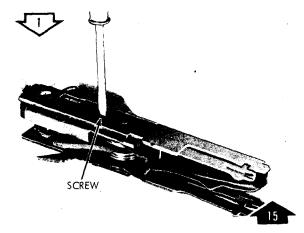


INSTALL BREECH BOLT AND FORE END GROUPS AND EJECTOR IN RECEIVER.

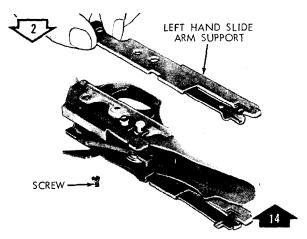


INSTALL BREECH BOLT GROUP ON FORE END GROUP.

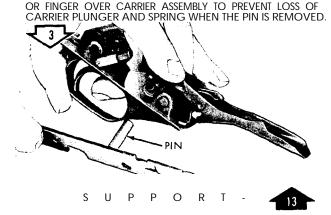
Figure 5-6. Install breech bolt group, ejector and slide arm bridge retaining screw.



REMOVE/I NSTALL TRIGGER STOP PIN SCREW.

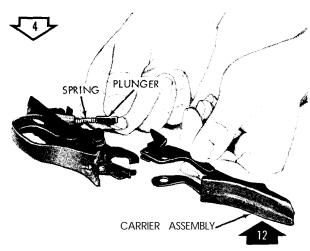


REMOVE/INSTALL LEFT HAND SLIDE ARM SUPPORT.

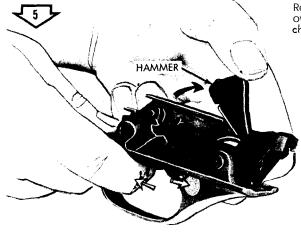


CAUTION: THE CARRIER PIN IS A COMPONENT OF RH SLIDE ARM SUPPORT. WHEN REMOVING SUPPORT, PLACE THUMB

REMOVE/INSTALL RIGHT HAND SLIDE ARM SUPPORT.



REMOVE/INSTALL CARRIER ASSEMBLY, CARRIER PAWL PLUNGER AND HELICAL COMPRESSION SPRING (CARRIER).



RELEASE HAMMER.

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- 1. PUSH SAFETY TO "OFF" (UNLOCKED) POSITION.
- 2. PULL TRIGGER.

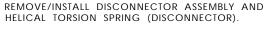
NOTE: HOLD HAMMER WITH THUMB AND SLOWLY RELEASE SPRING PRESSURE WHEN TRIGGER IS PULLED.

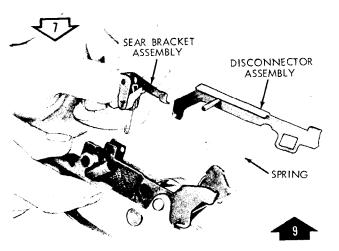
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Figure 5-7. Disassembly/assembly of trigger guard group (1 of 3).

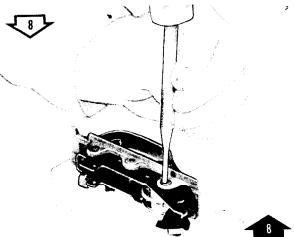
Reprinted by special permission of the copyright owner, Olin Mathieson Chemical Corp., Win-SPRING -DISCONNECTOR chester - Western Division, New Haven, Conn. **ASSEMBLY** NOTE: THE RETAINING PIN FOR SEAR BRACKET ASSEMBLY IS A COMPONENT OF DIS-SPRING CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY. PLACE THUMB OR FINGER OVER SEAR BRACKET AS IT IS UNDER PRESSURE OF TRIGGER SPRING. RETAINING PIN NOTE: DOTTED LINE SHOWS PROPER POSITION OF DISCONNECTOR SPRING AT ASSEMBLY.

LOCATION OF DISCONNECTOR AND SPRING.

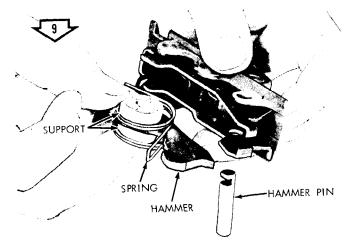




REMOVE/INSTALL SEAR BRACKET ASSEMBLY.



REMOVE/INSTALL HAMMER PIN.

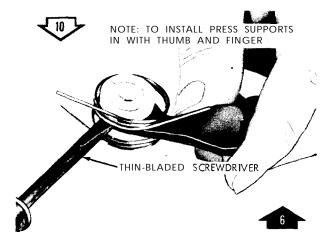


REMOVE/INSTALL HAMMER GROUP.

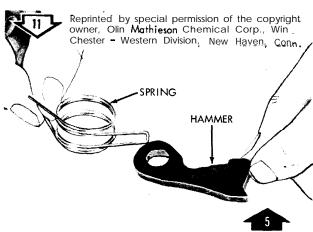
NOTE: WHEN ASSEMBLING HAMMER PIN, HAMMER SPRING SUPPORTS AND HAMMER, NOTE THAT THESE COMPONENTS EACH CONTAIN A FLAT CUT, AND MUST BE IN PROPER ALTINEMENT WITH HAMMER HOUSING AT TIME OF ASSEMBLY.

DO NOT DRIVE HAMMER PIN FLUSH WITH THE HOUSING. IT MUST PROTRUDE APPROXIMATELY 1/8 INCH TO ALLOW PROPER FUNCTIONING OF DISCONNECTOR.

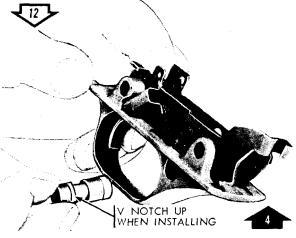
Figure 5-8. Disassembly/assembly of trigger guard group (2 of 3).



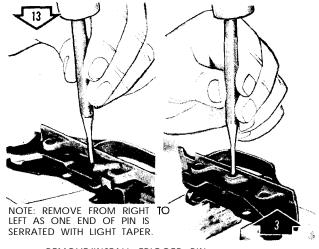
REMOVE/I NSTALL HAMMER SPRING SUPPORTS.



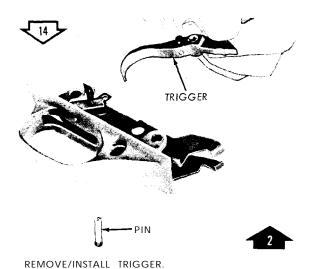
SEPARATE/ASSEMBLE HAMMER AND HELICAL TORSION SPRING.

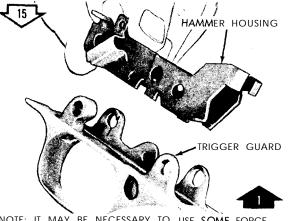


REMOVE/I NSTALL SAFETY



REMOVE/INSTALL TRIGGER PIN.





NOTE: IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO USE-SOME FORCE WHEN REMOVING HOUSING. PULL UP AND OUT FROM TRIGGER GUARD. DO NOT PRY.

REMOVE/INSTALL HAMMER HOUSING.

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Figure 5-9. Disassembly/assembly of trigger guard group (3 of 3).

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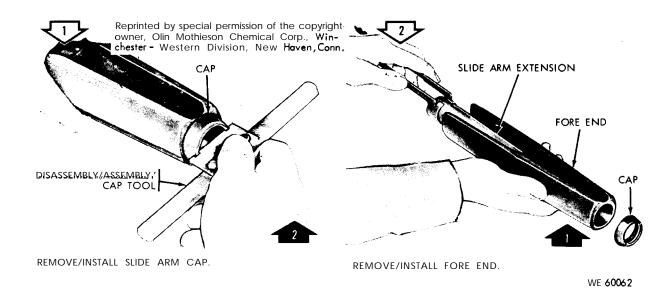
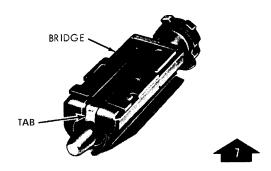


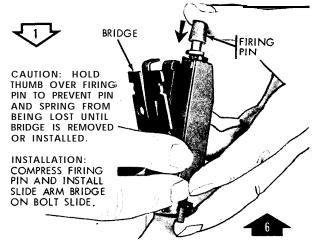
Figure 5-10. Disassembly/assembly of fore end group.

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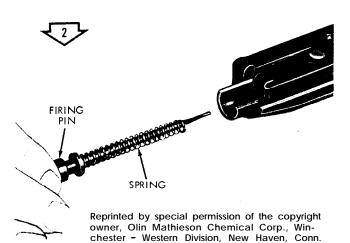
MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE TAB OF THE BRIDGE DROPS DOWN BETWEEN THE FLANGE AND THE HEAD OF FIRING PIN TO RETAIN IT IN PLACE.



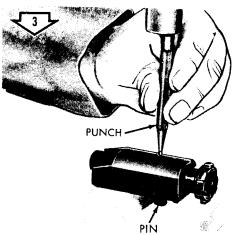
SLIDE ARM BRIDGE INSTALLED.



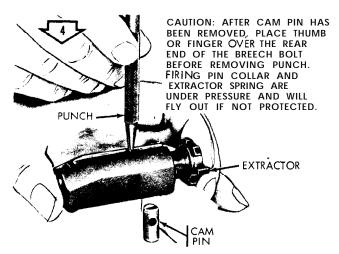
REMOVE/INSTALL SLIDE ARM BRIDGE.



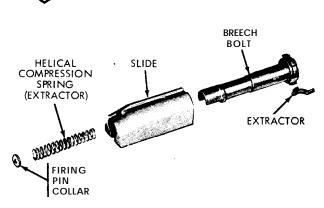
REMOVE FIRING PIN AND SPRING.



REMOVE CAM PIN.

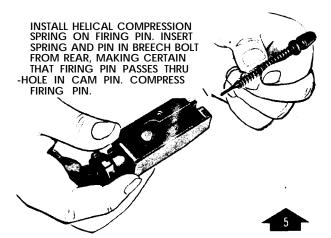


RETAINING FIRING PIN COLLAR AND EXTRACTOR SPRING DURING REMOVAL OF BREECH BOLT COMPONENTS.

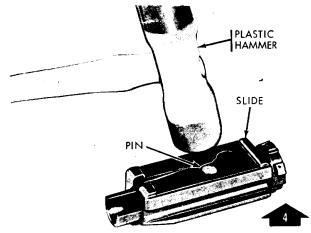


REMOVE FIRING PIN COLLAR, HELICAL COMPRESSION SPRING, EXTRACTOR AND BREECH BOLT.

Figure 5-11. Disassembly/assembly of breech bolt group (1 of 2).



INSTALL FIRING PIN AND HELICAL COMPRESSION SPRING (FIRING PIN).

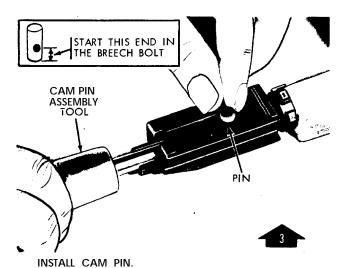


SEAT CAM PIN.

NOTE: ALINE CAM SLOT WITH CAM PIN HOLE IN THE BOLT BY LIFTING BOLT SLIDE SLIGHTLY. START END OF CAM PIN NEAREST FIRING PIN HOLE INTO THE BOLT. THE HOLE IN CAM PIN MUST BE IN LINE WITH THE LONG AXIS OF BOLT. USING DRIFT PIN OR (IMPROVISED) CAM PIN ASSEMBLY TOOL, PUSH FIRING PIN COLLAR DOWN TO COMPRESS THE HELICAL COMPRESSION SPRING.

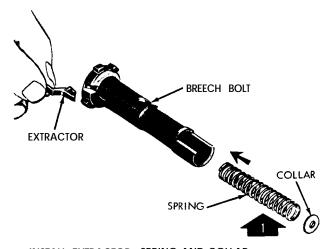
CAUTION: DO NOT HAVE YOUR FACE IN LINE WITH BACK END OF BOLT DURING THIS OPERATION. PUSH CAM PIN IN AS FAR AS IT WILL GO. AT THIS POINT COLLAR MAY PREVENT PIN FROM SEATING FULLY. IF NECESSARY, USE A SMALL ROD OR SCREWDRIVER TO DEPRESS THE UPPER EDGE OF COLLAR WHILE SEATING CAM PIN.

BOLT SHOULD BE BOTTOM SIDE UP WITH EXTRACTOR ON RIGHT HAND SIDE. LOOKING THRU BOLT FROM REAR, CLEAR PASSAGE FOR FIRING PIN SHOULD BE VISIBLE.

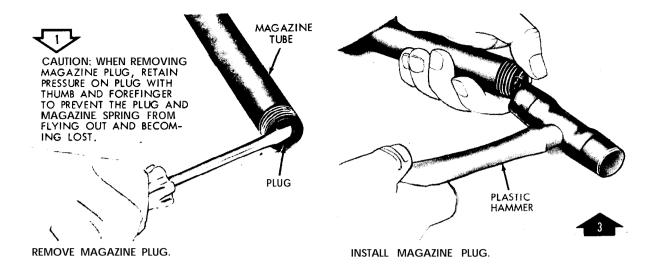


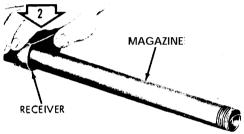
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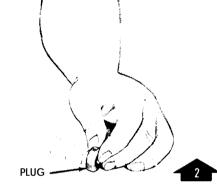


INSTALL EXTRACTOR, SPRING AND COLLAR.



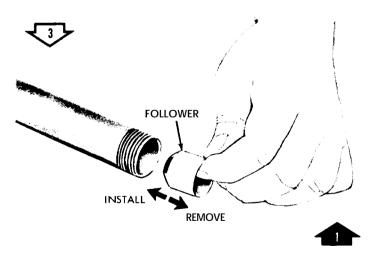


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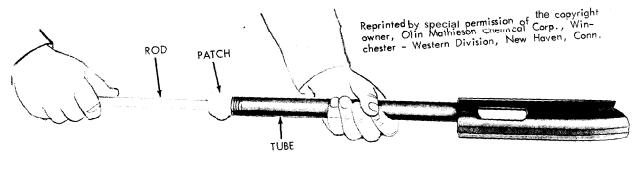


NOTE: DO NOT ATTEMPT TO REMOVE MAGAZINE FROM RECEIVER AS THIS IS A FACTORY ASSEMBLY OPERATION ONLY.

REMOVE/INSTALL PLUG AND HELIC AL COMPRESSION SPRING (M AG AZINE).



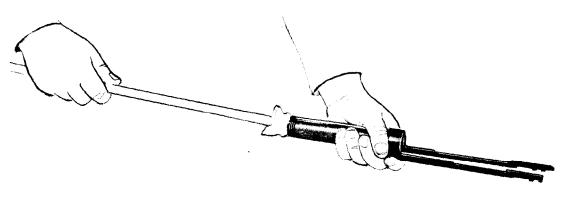
REMOVE/INSTALL MAGAZINE FOLLOWER.



A - CLEANING MAGAZINE TUBE.



B - CLEANING BARREL.



C - CLEANING SLIDE ARM EXTENSION.

Figure 5-14. Cleaning instructions.

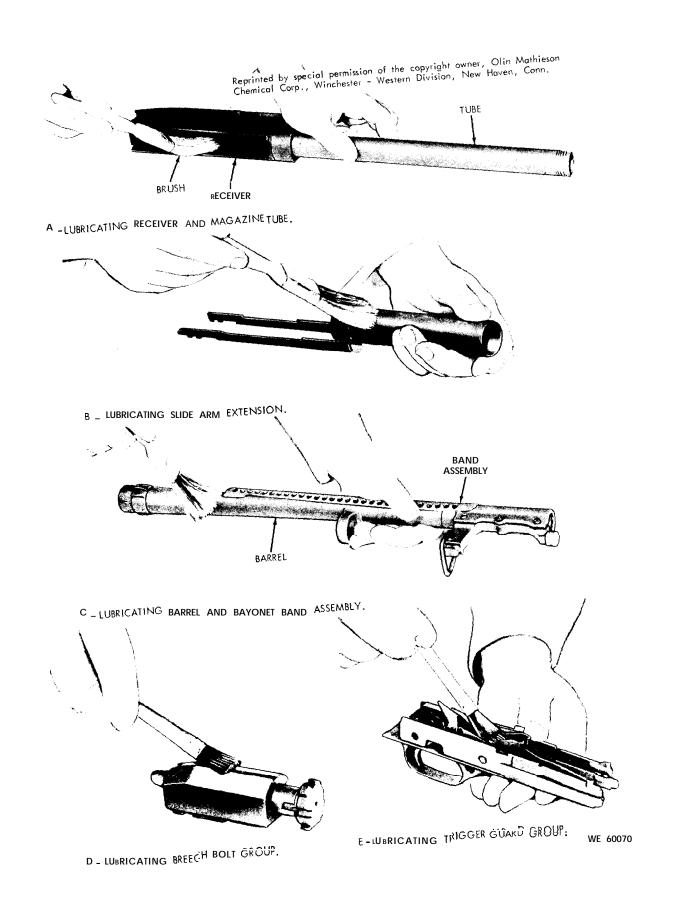


Figure 5-1 5. Lubricating instructions.

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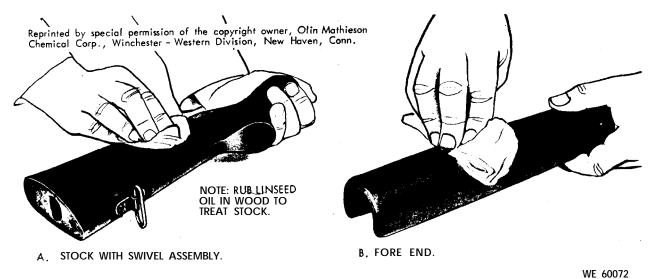


Figure 5-16. Cleaning and treating wooden components.

5-6. Functioning with Once-Fired Empty **Rounds**

Shotguns authorized to be repaired in the field

will be handfunctioned, using five once-fired empty rounds. Shotguns which fail in abovenoted test will be corrected by replacement of defective parts.

CHAPTER 6

MATERIAL USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH MAJOR ITEM

6- 1. General

This chapter contains information on materiel used with the major item.

6-2. Description

a. Bayonet, *M191 r. (fig.* B-l) It is used for close contact, guarding of prisoners and riot duty. It can also be used as a general utility knife. It has a cutting edge of 14.81 inches at the bottom running from the point. The handle fits comfortably and has a knurled surface for a firm grip.

- b. Sling, Ml. (fig. B-l) It hooks on the gun shoulder stock swivel and adapter swivel of bayonet band assembly and aids the operator in carrying and firing the weapon.
- c. Scabbard, Bayonet, M1917. (fig. B-l) It is used to carry the bayonet M1917 when not being used on the shotgun.

6-3. Removal/Installation

- a. Bayonet, M1917. Refer to figure 6-1.
- b. Sling, Ml. Refer to figure 6-2.

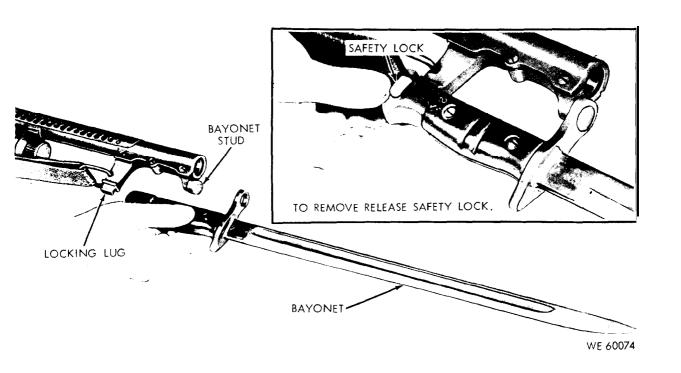


Figure F-1. Remove/install bayonet, B1917.

6 - 4. Disassembly/Assembly

None authorized.

6-5. Cleaning, Inspection and Repair

a. Cleaning.

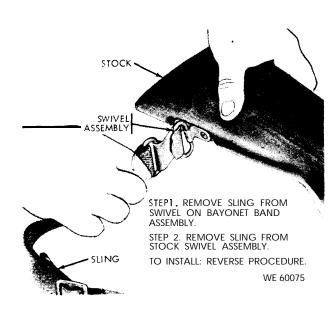


Figure 6-2. Remove/install sling.

- (1) Bayonet *M1917*. Remove grease, oil, and dirt with carbon removing compound (P-C-111). Lubricate with general purpose lubricating oil (PL special).
- (2) Sling, M1. Clean with dry cleaning solvent (SD), using cloth or bristle brush.
- (3) Scabbard, M1917. Clean metal parts with carbon removing compound.' The same compound can be used to clean plastic com-

ponents if required. Lubricate with general purpose lubricating oil.

b. Inspection.

- (1) Bayonet, M1917.
- (a) Should fit shotgun properly and latch securely.
- (b) If blade tip or grips are broken, replace.
- (c) Blade should be free of nicks, turned edges, rust and corrosion.

(2) **Sling**, *M*1.

- (a) Inspect for required components such as hooks, fasteners, etc.
- (b) Check for cuts or other damage which will reduce strength or protective qualities.
- (c) Examine corners, seams and edges closely.
 - (3) Scabbard, Bayonet, M1917.
- (a) Metal parts should be dark. Repaint if required).
- (b) Spring should hold bayonet when inserted in scabbard.
- (c) Loops or hooks for attaching to belt should not be damaged. They will be securely fastened to the metal top plate.
- c. **Repair.** Replace bayonet, M1917, Sling, Ml, Scabbard, Bayonet, M1917 or cleaning rod (wooden) if unserviceable.